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Enjoy all your favorite features, like seamless compression, conversion, and easy extraction, without the distraction of ads. Upgrade now for a faster, frustration-free experience!Sign up! Optimize the size of your BMP files for free online. Buy me a coffee You have the option to select up to 6 images in BMP format by dragging them into the designated drop zone or selecting them from your folders. You may first adjust the compression level or / and choose to convert your BMP images by selecting an output format. Please then wait until the compression and / or conversion of your BMP files is complete. You have the option to download the images one by one or in bulk, grouped in a ZIP archive. i Since the BMP format is non-compressible, your image will be converted to another format, compressed, and then converted back to the BMP format. Our BMP file compressor is free, easy to use, requires no software download or registration, and the conversion or compression leaves no watermark on the images, and you can use this BMP compressor as many times as you like. you wish for your BMP files before starting the online upload: Best quality: A low compression rate will be applied to your BMP image to prioritize image quality. Best compression: The right balance to achieve significant compression while maintaining acceptable image quality (by default). Choose the compression rate: Choose the compression rate between 1 (highest compression rate) and 100 (no compression), and adjust the rate to find a balance between quality and image size. you wish to convert or compress by clicking on « ADD IMAGES ». You can also drag and drop images into the drop area. for your BMP images to be processed and compressed at the selected rate. After the image is compressed or converted, you can see the compression rate on the thumbnail, the weight before and after compression, and even a percentage corresponding to the storage space saved! by clicking on the image and using the quality slider to adjust this rate. When you are satisfied with the compression and image quality, click « OK » to confirm the modification (you can also change the compression of all BMP files by adjusting the compression rate and clicking « RELOAD »). by clicking on « DOWNLOAD ALL IMAGES » to download a ZIP archive containing all the images. If you prefer, you can also download images individually by clicking « DOWNLOAD » on each thumbnail. If you want to compress more BMP images online, you can remove existing images by clicking the « DELETE ALL » button and start the process again. With our BMP compression tool, you can quickly reduce the file size of BMPs while maintaining optimal image quality. bmp 6 2KlbAVgz+VdsfcyZ4jSjd//NhY2/YI5Bt+I6UHuF7x0= Want to effortlessly optimize, reduce and compress BMP to 128KB online without compromising their quality? This free tool will help you to compress BMP to 128KB online, optimize them for the web, and seamlessly convert them to a smaller size for easy sharing and faster site loading. To compress BMP to 128KB online, simply click 'Choose File', select the BMP image, and download the compressed BMP. Ready to compress and optimize your visuals... Its time to SHRINK and SHINE. To compress BMP to 128KB online follow the following steps: Click on the Choose File button on our image compression tool. Select the BMP image that you want to compress. Wait for the compression process to finish. Click on the Download button to save them to your preferred location. Achieving the balance between reducing file size and maintaining BMP image quality can be difficult, but using our tool you can effectively strike the balance. Here's how you can use our free online tool to reduce BMP file size to 128KB without losing quality: Click on the Choose File button. Select the image that you wish to reduce to 128KB. Wait for the reduction process to complete. Download the reduced BMP image. Optimizing BMP images for the web is a crucial step in enhancing our website's speed and performance which can directly impact user experience. Optimizing BMPs can help us to improve SEO, make our websites load faster, reduce bandwidth usage, saves storage space and many more... Start optimizing your BMP images to 128KB using these simple steps: First tap on the Choose File button. Choose the BMP image that you want to get optimized to 128KB. Wait until the image gets optimized perfectly. Once optimized, a Download button appears on the image. Click to save the image to your preferred location. Absolutely! This tool will help you to compress BMP to 128KB for free. Moreover, there're no usage limits unlike most of the tools out there. FreeCompress provides a free tool that helps users to compress BMP to 128KB online and is accessible to anyone with an internet connection. There're various benefits of shrinking BMP photo size below 128KB and some of them are described below: Smaller BMP images tend to load faster, so if you have a website with lots of visuals you must compress and shrink their file sizes. This will make your website to load faster than before. Emails containing compressed BMP images gets delievered fast. Smaller file sizes save storage space on our devices and servers, which helps us to maximize available resources. Smaller BMPs are easier to share on social media platforms, emails, and messaging apps. This is why you should always compress BMP to 128KB or less. OVERVIEW Our BMP compressor allows you to compress several BMP files online for free. Compress BMP or any other supported file formats. No third-party software installation is required. Web-based application is fast, robust, easy-to-use and absolutely free. Compress your multi-format documents including DOC, PDF, DOCX, PNG,JPG, HTML, TXT and many more. Save your compressed documents with same quality but with less file size. Lightning fast compress operations for your selected documents. Ability to compress various popular image file formats easily. Arrange and reorder the compressed files as required. Our free online BMP file compressor tool is designed to help you quickly reduce the size of your files without compromising quality. With an intuitive interface and no need for software installation, you can efficiently compress documents, images, and videos to save storage space and improve upload/download times. Here is why you should choose our tool: Our online file compressor is easily accessible from any device with an internet connection. There is no need to download or install any software, simply upload your files and get them compressed quickly. Designed with simplicity in mind, our tool features an intuitive interface that allows you to compress files with just a few clicks. You do not need any technical expertise to use it effectively. Whether you're dealing with documents, images, videos, or other types of files, our compressor supports a broad range of formats. This versatility makes it a one-stop solution for all your compression needs. We use advanced algorithms to ensure that your files are compressed efficiently without significant loss of quality. This is particularly important for maintaining the integrity of images, videos, and documents. Our tool is optimized for speed, enabling quick uploads, compressions, and downloads. This efficiency saves you time and allows you to get on with your tasks without delays. We prioritize your privacy and data security. Files are processed in a secure environment, and any files you upload are automatically deleted from our servers after processing. Our online file compressor is free to use with no hidden fees or subscription requirements. You can compress files as often as you need without worrying about extra costs. Whether you are at home, in the office, or on the go, you can access our file compressor from any location. This flexibility ensures you can manage your files and storage needs wherever you are. By reducing file sizes, you contribute to lower data transfer and storage needs, which can have a positive impact on the environment by reducing the energy required for data storage and transmission. Smaller file sizes make it easier to share files via email or cloud services and help optimize your storage space. This is particularly useful for those with limited storage capacity or bandwidth. Compressing different file formats online helps reduce file sizes, making them easier to store and share. With just a few clicks, you can upload your files, choose the desired compression settings, and quickly compress them without any software installation using our free online compression application. Read More Converting files to other formats online is a quick and convenient way to ensure compatibility and accessibility. With just a few clicks, you can upload your file, choose the desired format, and instantly convert it without any software installation using our free online file conversion application. Read More Viewing different file formats online allows you to access and review various types of documents, images, and media directly in your browser without needing specific software. Whether it’s PDFs, images, spreadsheets, or presentations, our free online viewers support seamless access. Read More Copyright © . All rights reserved. When you visit or interact with our sites, services or tools, we or our authorised service providers may use cookies for storing information to help provide you with a better, faster and safer experience and for marketing purposes. BMP is an image format developed by Microsoft for the Windows operating system and is characterized by its large file sizes. BMP files are not compressed and do not lose any detail when saved but can quickly take up a lot of hard disk space. Due to the file sizes, BMP files are generally not used to transfer images across the Internet. Resizing a BMP image is the only practical way to reduce the file size without changing the format. The tool to perform this action is already included in the Windows operating system.Article continues below this adArticle continues below this ad Drop images here to start compressing UnlimitedThis BMP resizer is the best and provides you to use it unlimited times and resize BMP size online.FastIts resizing processing is powerful. So, It takes less time to resize all the selected BMP files.SecurityAll files uploaded by you will be automatically permanently erased from our servers after 2 hours.Add Multiple FilesOn the tool, you can easily resize multiple BMP files at a time. You can resize BMP and save them.User FriendlyThis tool is designed for all users, advanced knowledge is not required. So, It's easy to resize BMP size.Powerful ToolYou can access or use the BMP resizer online on the Internet using any browser from any operating system. How to resize BMP? Start by choosing the BMP file on the best resize BMP tool.Preview all the BMP files on the BMP resizer.Next, use the slider to resize the BMP file size.Additionally, choose a custom size for resizing as per your needs.Download the resized BMP file according to your preferred size. This is an advanced tool to resize BMP file size online on BMP resizer. It provides output as wanted on resize BMP online for free with high quality. Choose the BMP file you wish to resize on the resize BMP online tool. Preview all chosen BMP files on the best BMP resizer. You can add multiple files for resizing and remove unnecessary files from the list. Without losing quality, this advanced tool will efficiently adjust the file size to automatically meet your specific needs. Alternatively, adjust the file size based on your preference using the slider. Upon successful resizing, you are now able to download the resized BMP file. You can resize the BMP file size in high quality through the use of an online BMP resizer. This convenient tool allows efficient file size resizing while maintaining file quality.Select or drag and drop the BMP file onto the tool.Preview the choosen BMP files.Resize the BMP size accordingly using the slider.Or, select custom size from the dropdown menu.Download your resized BMP file.Absolutely, you can resize BMP file size without losing quality using this tool.Certainly, it's possible to resize any BMP file image from MB to KB in size. This can be accomplished by utilizing the slider within the tool to adjust and achieve file size for your BMP file.It takes very less time to resize your BMP file size. If your BMP file is large, it usually takes only a few seconds to complete the resizing and provide the desired output.Your uploaded files will be stored on our server for a duration of 2 hours. After this time, they will be automatically and permanently deleted.Yes. All uploads utilize HTTPS/SSL and incorporate end-to-end encryption to enhance privacy. Your files are kept with the utmost security and privacy at 11zon.com. We prioritize security and employ robust measures to safeguard your data, including encryption protocols and strict access controls. For more detailed information on our security practices, please refer to our Privacy and Security Policy. Share — copy and redistribute the material in any medium or format for any purpose, even commercially. Adapt — remix, transform, and build upon the material for any purpose, even commercially. The licensor cannot revoke these freedoms as long as you follow the license terms. Attribution — You must give appropriate credit , provide a link to the license, and indicate if changes were made . You may do so in any reasonable manner, but not in any way that suggests the licensor endorses you or your use. ShareAlike — If you remix, transform, or build upon the material, you must distribute your contributions under the same license as the original. No additional restrictions — You may not apply legal terms or technological measures that legally restrict others from doing anything the license permits. You do not have to comply with the license for elements of the material in the public domain or where your use is permitted by an applicable exception or limitation . No warranties are given. The license may not give you all of the permissions necessary for your intended use. For example, other rights such as publicity, privacy, or moral rights may limit how you use the material. FixThePhoto has been in business since 2003. Earlier we specialized in portrait photo editing in Photoshop and GIMP and offered only basic image retouching services. Today we provide the widest range of professional online retouching services of the highest level. Our retouchers make any kind of Photoshop work for all photography genres and of any level of complexity.Our mission is to offer fast, affordable, secure, and high-quality photo retouching help for beginning and professional photographers who can’t or don’t have time to do image editing on their own.At FixThePhoto we understand that many photographers are just starting out, so we provide specialized photo editing services for everyone. We are constantly developing and trying to make your work easier. You take photos, we edit. FixThePhoto Photo Editing App Reviews Professional Photography Editing Software GearsShop for Digital Photo Retouching ToolsDigital Image Retouching ManipulationProduct Photo Retouching Services Clipping Path Photoshop ServiceLightroom Photo Editing ServicesOld Photo Retouching Restoration ServicesPortrait Retouching ServicesFixThePhoto starts editing portrait photos. Our retouchers do basic photo editing of headshots, couple, baby, and family photos. The photographer’s style is followed. For affordable price we do everything a photographer needs for realistic results. Using our image editing service, one can be sure we don’t publish, sell or use his/her photos without permission. The Photoshop service helps photographers to be ahead of their competitors.. The BMP file format, sometimes called bitmap or DIB file format (device-independent bitmap), is an image file format used to store bitmap digital images, especially on Microsoft Windows and OS/2 operating systems. Many older graphical user interfaces used bitmaps in their built-in graphics subsystems; for example, the Microsoft Windows and OS/2 platforms' GDI subsystem, where the specific format used is the Windows and OS/2 bitmap file format, usually named with the file extension of .bmp or .dib. In uncompressed BMP files, and many other bitmap file formats, image pixels are stored with a color depth of 1, 4, 8, 16, 24, or 32 bits per pixel (BPP). An alpha channel (for transparency) may be stored in a separate file, where it is similar to a grayscale image, or in a fourth channel that converts 24-bit images to 32 bits per pixel. Uncompressed bitmap files (such as unindexed BMP) are typically much larger than compressed (with any of various methods) image file formats for the same image. Uncompressed formats are generally unsuitable for transferring images on the Internet or other slow or capacity-limited media. Esta es una herramienta en línea completamente gratuita para comprimir imágenes BMP Optimizar imágenes BMP al reducir el tamaño del archivo de imagen BMP para mostrar en la web, en foros, en blogs o para enviar por correo electrónico. Reduce el tamaño del archivo BMP sin perder calidad. Estos son los pasos para comprimir imágenes BMP en línea (gratis): Paso #1: Elija la imagen BMP Haga clic en el botón Elegir archivo y seleccione la imagen BMP de su computadora o teléfono que desea comprimir (u optimizar). Paso #2: Espere a que termine la compresión Después de elegir el archivo, verá que el archivo se carga y la herramienta automáticamente comienza a comprimir la imagen .bmp. Puede elegir varias imágenes para reducir su tamaño. Esta herramienta no limita el número de imágenes. Deslícese por las imágenes para ver otras imágenes cargadas cuyos tamaños de archivo se están reduciendo. Paso #3: Descarga la imagen comprimida Una vez que la imagen ha sido comprimida, aparece un botón de descarga en la imagen. Al hacer clic en el botón de descarga, la imagen BMP comprimida se descarga en su dispositivo. BMP (también conocido como archivo .bmp) es una de las extensiones de imagen más utilizadas. BMP significa Bitmap. Fue desarrollado por Microsoft en la década de 1990 con el objetivo de proporcionar la misma calidad de imágenes digitales en diferentes pantallas. Las imágenes BMP se remontan a los primeros días cuando los gráficos por computadora y las imágenes digitales recién comenzaban. Las imágenes BMP ahora se utilizan en casi todos los dispositivos: Windows, Mac, Android, etc. Las imágenes BMP proporcionan imágenes de alta calidad en comparación con otros formatos de imagen como JPEG, PNG, etc. La compresión de mapa de bits o el método de compresión BMP es el proceso a través del cual reducimos el tamaño del archivo .bmp. La compresión de mapa de bits nos ayuda a almacenar más imágenes y archivos en nuestro espacio de almacenamiento limitado. Los archivos de imagen BMP se comprimen utilizando el formato de codificación de longitud de ejecución (RLE). Si el miembro de compresión del archivo BMP es BI_RLE8, se utiliza un formato de codificación de longitud de ejecución para un mapa de bits de 8 bits para comprimir el archivo de mapa de bits. Si el miembro de compresión del archivo BMP es BI_RLE4, se utiliza un formato de codificación de longitud de ejecución para un mapa de bits de 4 bits para comprimir el archivo de mapa de bits. Los archivos BMP tienen una compresión sin pérdidas . La calidad de la imagen no se pierde durante la compresión. Los archivos BMP tienen un tamaño grande. Esto se debe a que no están comprimidos y tienen la mejor calidad de imagen en comparación con otras extensiones de imagen. Debido a su gran tamaño, estos archivos requieren mucho espacio si no se comprimen. Los archivos de imagen BMP proporcionan la mejor calidad para la imagen. Las imágenes BMP proporcionan una amplia variedad de espectro de colores. Estas imágenes tienen la misma calidad independientemente de las diferentes pantallas y tamaños. Los archivos BMP son compatibles con casi todos los sistemas operativos y navegadores. No pierden calidad incluso después de la compresión (compresión sin pérdidas). Las imágenes BMP tienen un tamaño de archivo grande, lo que las hace muy difíciles de almacenar en un espacio de almacenamiento limitado. Incluso después de la compresión, estos archivos tienen un gran tamaño. Las imágenes BMP no son buenas para imprimir, porque estas imágenes no son compatibles con CMYK. CMYK significa Cyan Magenta Yellow Key (negro). Hoy en día, las imágenes BMP no se utilizan con frecuencia debido a la creciente cantidad de teléfonos inteligentes que han popularizado el formato de archivo JPEG. Compress BMP with the best quality and compression Simply drop your BMP images below to compress them in seconds You can compress the BMP image file size with high quality using our online BMP compressor. This convenient tool allows efficient file size compression while preserving the image's quality. There's no need to upload files or sign in. Just follow these steps.Click the 'Select Images' buttons to upload your BMP images, or drag & drop into the dotted area.Choose the compression degree, i.e., high, medium,low, or custom. After selecting, press "Compress" button to process.Once the compression is done, you can download the BMP images at once or one by one.Online BMP Compressor is a simple and free web application that lets you to compress your images to reduce file size without losing the quality. You can use BMP Compressor to reduce many file formats quickly and reliably, including JPG, JPEG, PNG, WEBP, GIF, and BMP. Opt for either Lossy optimization to significantly reduce file size or Lossless optimization to preserve the utmost quality. Give it a try and see the results for yourself.Hicompress's BMP compressor allows you to quickly compress BMP images. Whether you're working with a single image or a batch of images, Hicompress offers unparalleled efficiency, delivering high-quality compressed images in just a few seconds.With just a few clicks, you can quickly batch compress BMP image files, eliminating the need to manually resize each image one by one. Simply upload all the images you want to compress at once, and Hicompress will efficiently handle them in bulk, saving you valuable time.Our tool employs advanced algorithms to compress BMP images without losing transparency or quality. Say goodbye to pixelation, blurriness, and artifacts. Enjoy the benefits of smaller file sizes without compromising the visual appeal of your images.Compress BMP images at light speed with a browser-based Image compressor, saving you time by skipping the upload. Our batch BMP compression tool allows you to select multiple BMP images and compress them all at once, saving you time and effort.Hicompress BMP compressor tool is completely free to use, no sign-up required, and no credit card is needed.Using a super speedy, browser-based BMP compression engine means it's fast, private, and you don't have to install any software.Our free BMP compressor tool offers a simple and user-friendly interface, making it easy for anyone to compress images without prior technical knowledge.We don’t store or see your BMP images as they are processed directly in your browser – no uploads to our server, maximizing the protection of your privacy.Use this online image compression tool to compress BMP images. Follow these three simple steps to compress your BMP images: 1. Upload or drag and drop your BMP image into the browser. The image is processed locally and never uploaded to the server. 2. Alternatively, adjust the compression settings and click 'Compress'. 3. Download the compressed BMP image or the zip file containing all compressed images.Yes, you can compress multiple BMP images at once using Hicompress. This feature is extremely convenient when you have a large number of images and want to quickly reduce their file sizes. Various online tools, including Hicompress, offer batch processing capabilities, saving you significant time and ensuring efficiency. With Hicompress, you can compress multiple images with just a few clicks.It depends on the original image. If the original image is large and you maintain the existing resolution, the quality will definitely be affected. However, if you reduce the resolution, the impact on quality will be less significant. You can use the preview feature to check the quality of the image before saving it.Yes, Hicompress's online BMP compressor tool is free to use. Compress BMP images quickly and easily without daily limits or watermarks.Yes, our BMP compressor is 100% Private; all the compression happens in the browser. Since your images are compressed in the web browser without our server ever knowing about them.Compress JPGCompress JPEGCompress PNGCompress WEBPCompress GIF Want to effortlessly optimize, reduce and compress BMP to 1MB online without compromising their quality? This free tool will help you to compress BMP to 1MB online, optimize them for the web, and seamlessly convert them to a smaller size for easy sharing and faster site loading. To compress BMP to 1MB online, simply click 'Choose File', select the BMP image, and download the compressed BMP. Ready to compress and optimize your visuals... Its time to SHRINK and SHINE. To compress BMP to 1MB online follow the following steps: Click on the Choose File button on our image compression tool. Select the BMP image that you want to compress. Wait for the compression process to finish. Click on the Download button to save them to your preferred location. Achieving the balance between reducing file size and maintaining BMP image quality can be difficult, but using our tool you can effectively strike the balance. Here's how you can use our free online tool to reduce BMP file size to 1MB without losing quality: Click on the Choose File button. Select the image that you wish to reduce to 1MB. Wait for the reduction process to complete. Download the reduced BMP image. Optimizing BMP images for the web is a crucial step in enhancing our website's speed and performance which can directly impact user experience. Optimizing BMPs can help us to improve SEO, make our websites load faster, reduce bandwidth usage, saves storage space and many more... Start optimizing your BMP images to 1MB using these simple steps: First tap on the Choose File button. Choose the BMP image that you want to get optimized to 1MB. Wait until the image gets optimized perfectly. Once optimized, a Download button appears on the image. Click to save the image to your preferred location. Absolutely! This tool will help you to compress BMP to 1MB for free. Moreover, there're no usage limits unlike most of the tools out there. FreeCompress provides a free tool that helps users to compress BMP to 1MB online and is accessible to anyone with an internet connection. There're various benefits of shrinking BMP photo size below 1MB and some of them are described below: Smaller BMP images tend to load faster, so if you have a website with lots of visuals you must compress and shrink their file sizes. This will make your website to load faster than before. Emails containing compressed BMP images gets delievered fast. Smaller file sizes save storage space on our devices and servers, which helps us to maximize available resources. Smaller BMPs are easier to share on social media platforms, emails, and messaging apps. This is why you should always compress BMP to 1MB or less. Dette er et helt gratis onlineværktøj til at komprimere BMP-billeder Optimer BMP-billeder ved at reducere størrelsen af BMP-billedfilen til visning på nettet, i fora, i blogs eller til at sende via e-mail. Det formindsker BMP-filstørrelsen uden at miste kvalitet. Her er trinene til at komprimere BMP-billeder online (gratis): Trin #1: Vælg BMP-billede Klik på knappen Vælg fil, og vælg det BMP-billede fra din computer eller telefon, som du vil komprimere (eller optimere). Trin #2: Vent på, at kompressionen er færdig Når du har valgt filen, vil du se, at filen bliver uploadet, og værktøjet begynder automatisk at komprimere .bmp-billedet. Du kan vælge flere billeder for at reducere deres størrelse. Dette værktøj begrænser ikke antallet af billeder. Skub gennem billederne for at se andre uploadede billeder, hvis filstørrelser bliver reduceret. Trin #3: Download det komprimerede billede Når billedet er blevet komprimeret, vises en downloadknap på billedet. Når du klikker på download-knappen, bliver det komprimerede BMP-billede downloadet på din enhed. BMP (også kendt som .bmp-fil) er en af de almindeligt anvendte billedudvidelser. Det står for Bitmap. Det blev udviklet af Microsoft i 1990'erne med det formål at levere samme kvalitet af digitale billeder på tværs af forskellige skærme. BMP -billeder går tilbage til de tidlige dage, hvor computergrafik og digitale billeder lige var begyndt. BMP-billeder bruges nu i næsten alle enheder - windows, mac, android osv. BMP-billeder giver billeder i høj kvalitet sammenlignet med andre billedformater som JPEG, PNG osv. Bitmap-komprimering eller BMP-komprimeringsmetoden er den proces, hvorigennem vi reducerer størrelsen af .bmp-filen. Bitmap-komprimering hjælper os med at gemme flere billeder og filer på vores begrænsede lagerplads. BMP-billedfilerne komprimeres ved hjælp af RLE-formatet (Run-Length Encoding). Hvis komprimeringsmedlemmet af BMP-filen er BI_RLE8, bruges et kørselslængdekodningsformat for en 8-bit bitmap til at komprimere bitmapfilen. Hvis komprimeringsmedlemmet af BMP-filen er BI_RLE4, bruges et kørselslængdekodningsformat for en 4-bit bitmap til at komprimere bitmapfilen. BMP-filer har en tabsfri komprimering . Billedets kvalitet går ikke tabt under komprimering. BMP-filer har en stor størrelse. Dette skyldes, at de er ukomprimerede og har den højeste billedkvalitet sammenlignet med andre billedudvidelser. På grund af deres store størrelse kræver disse filer meget plads, hvis de efterlades ukomprimerede. BMP-billedfiler giver den bedste kvalitet til billedet. BMP-billeder giver en bred vifte af farvespektrum. Disse billeder har samme kvalitet uanset forskellige skærme og størrelser. BMP-filer er kompatible med næsten alle operativsystemer og browsere. De mister ikke kvalitet selv efter kompression (tabsfri kompression). BMP-billeder har en stor filstørrelse, hvilket gør dem meget svære at gemme på begrænset lagerplads. Selv efter komprimering har disse filer en stor størrelse. BMP-billeder er ikke gode til udskrivning, fordi disse billeder ikke er kompatible med CMYK. CMYK står for Cyan Magenta Yellow Key (sort). Nu om dage bruges BMP-billeder ikke ofte på grund af de stigende smartphones, som har populariseret JPEG -filformatet. Photo333.com - Compress BMP Language - English 日本語 English Español Français Deutsch American multinational technology corporation Microsoft CorporationLogo used since 2012Aerial view of the Microsoft campus in RedmondCompany typePublicTraded asNasdaq: MSFTNasdaq-100 componentDJIA componentS&P 100 componentS&P 500 componentISINUS5949181045IndustryInformation technologyPredecessorTraf-O-DataFoundedApril 4, 1975; 50 years ago (1975-04-04) in Albuquerque, New Mexico, U.S.FoundersBill GatesPaul AllenHeadquartersOne Microsoft Way, Redmond, Washington, U.S.Area servedWorldwideKey peopleSatya Nadella (chairman & CEO)Brad Smith (vice chairman & president)Bill Gates (technical adviser)ProductsSoftware developmentComputer hardwareConsumer electronicsSocial networking serviceCloud computingVideo gamesInternetCorporate venture capitalBrands Windows Microsoft 365 Teams Visual Studio Xbox Dynamics Surface Services Edge Azure Bing LinkedIn Viva Engage Microsoft 365 OneDrive Dynamics 365 Outlook GitHub Microsoft Store Windows Update Game Pass Xbox network Revenue US$245.1 billion (2024)Operating income US$109.4 billion (2024)Net income US$88.1 billion (2024)Total assets US$512.1 billion (2024)Total equity US$268.5 billion (2024)Number of employees228,000 (2024)Divisions Microsoft Gaming Microsoft 365 Microsoft Research Windows and Devices Group Microsoft Cloud Microsoft AI Microsoft Security Microsoft Industry Microsoft Business Applications Microsoft Developer Subsidiaries GitHub LinkedIn ASN8075 Websitemicrosoft.comFootnotes / referencesFinancials as of June 30, 2024[update][1] This article is part ofa series aboutBill Gates Personal Awards and honors Philanthropy Political positions Public image Residence Companies Traf-O-Data Microsoft history timeline criticism BENlabs Cascade Investment TerraPower Gates Ventures Charitable organizations Gates Foundation Match for Africa The Giving Pledge OER Project Breakthrough Energy Mission Innovation Writings "An Open Letter to Hobbyists" The Road Ahead Business @ the Speed of Thought How to Avoid a Climate Disaster How to Prevent the Next Pandemic Source Code: My Beginnings Related Bill Gates' flower fly Codex Leicester Lost on the Grand Banks Paul Allen vte Microsoft Corporation is an American multinational corporation and technology conglomerate headquartered in Redmond, Washington.[2] Founded in 1975, the company became influential in the rise of personal computers through software like Windows, and the company has since expanded to Internet services, cloud computing, video gaming and other fields. Microsoft is the largest software maker, one of the most valuable public U.S. companies,[a] and one of the most valuable brands globally. Microsoft was founded by Bill Gates and Paul Allen to develop and sell BASIC interpreters for the Altair 8800. It rose to dominate the personal computer operating system market with MS-DOS in the mid-1980s, followed by Windows. During the 41 years from 1980 to 2021 Microsoft released 9 versions of MS-DOS with a median frequency of 2 years, and 13 versions of Windows with a median frequency of 3 years. The company's 1986 initial public offering (IPO) and subsequent rise in its share price created three billionaires and an estimated 12,000 millionaires among Microsoft employees. Since the 1990s, it has increasingly diversified from the operating system market. Steve Ballmer replaced Gates as CEO in 2000. He oversaw the then-largest of Microsoft's corporate acquisitions in Skype Technologies in 2011,[3] and an increased focus on hardware[4][5] that led to its first in-house PC line, the Surface, in 2012, and the formation of Microsoft Mobile through Nokia. Since Satya Nadella took over as CEO in 2014, the company has changed focus towards cloud computing,[6][7] as well as its large acquisition of LinkedIn for $26.2 billion in 2016.[8] Under Nadella's direction, the company has also expanded its video gaming business to support the Xbox brand, establishing the Microsoft Gaming division in 2022 and acquiring Activision Blizzard for $68.7 billion in 2023.[9] Microsoft has been market-dominant in the IBM PC–compatible operating system market and the office software suite market since the 1990s. Its best-known software products are the Windows line of operating systems and the Microsoft Office and Microsoft 365 suite of productivity applications, which most notably include the Word word processor and Excel spreadsheet editor. Its flagship hardware products are the Surface lineup of personal computers and Xbox video game consoles, the latter of which includes the Xbox network; the company also provides a range of consumer Internet services such as Bing web search, the MSN web portal, the Outlook.com (Hotmail) email service and the Microsoft Store. In the enterprise and development fields, Microsoft most notably provides the Azure cloud computing platform, Microsoft SQL Server database software, and Visual Studio.[citation needed] Microsoft is considered one of the Big Five American information technology companies, alongside Alphabet,[b] Amazon, Apple, and Meta.[c] In April 2019, Microsoft reached a trillion-dollar market cap, becoming the third public U.S. company to be valued at over $1 trillion. It has been criticized for its monopolistic practices, and the company's software has been criticized for problems with ease of use, robustness, and security. Main article: History of Microsoft For a chronological guide, see Timeline of Microsoft. An Altair 8800 computer (left) with the popular Model 33 ASR Teletype as terminal, paper tape reader, and paper tape punch Paul Allen and Bill Gates on October 19, 1981, after signing a pivotal contract with IBM[10]:228 Bill Gates and Paul Allen's Original Business Cards located in the Microsoft Visitor Center Childhood friends Bill Gates and Paul Allen sought to make a business using their skills in computer programming.[11] In 1972, they founded Traf-O-Data, which sold a rudimentary computer to track and analyze automobile traffic data. Gates enrolled at Harvard University while Allen pursued a degree in computer science at Washington State University, though he later dropped out to work at Honeywell.[12] The January 1975 issue of Popular Electronics featured Micro Instrumentation and Telemetry Systems's (MITS) Altair 8800 microcomputer,[13] which inspired Allen to suggest that they could program a BASIC interpreter for the device. Gates called MITS and claimed that he had a working interpreter, and MITS requested a demonstration. Allen worked on a simulator for the Altair while Gates developed the interpreter, and it worked flawlessly when they demonstrated it to MITS in March 1975 in Albuquerque, New Mexico. MITS agreed to distribute it, marketing it as Altair BASIC.[10]:108,112–114 Gates and Allen established Microsoft on April 4, 1975, with Gates as CEO,[14] and Allen suggested the name "Micro-Soft", short for micro-computer software.[15][16] In August 1977, the company formed an agreement with ASCII Magazine in Japan, resulting in its first international office of ASCII Microsoft.[17] Microsoft moved its headquarters to Bellevue, Washington, in January 1979.[14] Microsoft entered the operating system (OS) business in 1980 with its own version of Unix called Xenix,[18] but it was MS-DOS that solidified the company's dominance. IBM awarded a contract to Microsoft in November 1980 to provide a version of the CP/M OS to be used in the IBM Personal Computer (IBM PC).[19] For this deal, Microsoft purchased a CP/M clone called 86-DOS from Seattle Computer Products which it branded as MS-DOS, although IBM rebranded it to IBM PC DOS. Microsoft retained ownership of MS-DOS following the release of the IBM PC in August 1981. IBM had copyrighted the IBM PC BIOS, so other companies had to reverse engineer it for non-IBM hardware to run as IBM PC compatibles, but no such restriction applied to the operating systems. Microsoft eventually became the leading PC operating systems vendor.[20][21]:210 The company expanded into new markets with the release of the Microsoft Mouse in 1983, as well as with a publishing division named Microsoft Press.[10]:232 Paul Allen resigned from Microsoft in 1983 after developing Hodgkin's lymphoma.[22] Allen claimed in Idea Man: A Memoir by the co-founder of Microsoft that Gates wanted to dilute his share in the company when he was diagnosed with Hodgkin's disease because he did not think that he was working hard enough.[23] Allen later invested in low-tech sectors, sports teams, commercial real estate, neuroscience, private space flight, and more.[24] Windows 1.0 was released on November 20, 1985, as the first version of the Windows line. Microsoft released Windows 1.0 on November 20, 1985, as a graphical extension for MS-DOS,[10]:242–243,246 despite having begun jointly developing OS/2 with IBM that August.[25] Microsoft moved its headquarters from Bellevue to Redmond, Washington, on February 26, 1986, and went public with an initial public offering (IPO) at the NASDAQ exchange on March 13,[26] with the resulting rise in stock making an estimated four billionaires and 12,000 millionaires from Microsoft employees.[27] Microsoft released its version of OS/2 to original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) on April 2, 1987.[10] In 1990, the Federal Trade Commission examined Microsoft for possible collusion due to the partnership with IBM, marking the beginning of more than a decade of legal clashes with the government.[28] :243–244 Meanwhile, the company was at work on Microsoft Windows NT, which was heavily based on their copy of the OS/2 code. It shipped on July 21, 1993, with a new modular kernel and the 32-bit Win32 application programming interface (API), making it easier to port from 16-bit (MS-DOS-based) Windows. Microsoft informed IBM of Windows NT, and the OS/2 partnership deteriorated.[29] In 1990, Microsoft introduced the Microsoft Office suite which bundled separate applications such as Microsoft Word and Microsoft Excel.[10]:301 On May 22, Microsoft launched Windows 3.0, featuring streamlined user interface graphics and improved protected mode capability for the Intel 386 processor,[30] and both Office and Windows became dominant in their respective areas.[31][32] On July 27, 1994, the Department of Justice's Antitrust Division filed a competitive impact statement that said: "Beginning in 1988 and continuing until July 15, 1994, Microsoft induced many OEMs to execute anti-competitive 'per processor licenses. Under a per-processor license, an OEM pays Microsoft a royalty for each computer it sells containing a particular microprocessor, whether the OEM sells the computer with a Microsoft operating system or a non-Microsoft operating system. In effect, the royalty payment to Microsoft when no Microsoft product is being used acts as a penalty, or tax, on the OEM's use of a competing PC operating system. Since 1988, Microsoft's use of per processor licenses has increased."[33] In 1996, Microsoft released Windows CE, a version of the operating system meant for personal digital assistants and other tiny computers, shown here on the HP 300LX. Following Bill Gates's internal "Internet Tidal Wave memo" on May 26, 1995, Microsoft began to redefine its offerings and expand its product line into computer networking and the World Wide Web.[34] With a few exceptions of new companies, like Netscape, Microsoft was the only major and established company that acted fast enough to be a part of the World Wide Web practically from the start. Other companies like Borland, WordPerfect, Novell, IBM and Lotus, being much slower to adapt to the new situation, would give Microsoft market dominance.[35] The company released Windows 95 on August 24, 1995, featuring pre-emptive multitasking, a completely new user interface with a novel start button, and 32-bit compatibility; similar to NT, it provided the Win32 API.[36][37]:20 Windows 95 came bundled with the online service MSN, which was at first intended to be a competitor to the Internet,[dubious – discuss] and (for OEMs) Internet Explorer, a Web browser. Internet Explorer was not bundled with the retail Windows 95 boxes, because the boxes were printed before the team finished the Web browser, and instead were included in the Windows 95 Plus! pack.[38] Backed by a high-profile marketing campaign[39] and what The New York Times called "the splashiest, most frenzied, most expensive introduction of a computer product in the industry's history,"[40] Windows 95 quickly became a success.[41] Branching out into new markets in 1996, Microsoft and General Electric's NBC unit created a new 24/7 cable news channel, MSNBC.[42] Microsoft created Windows CE 1.0, a new OS designed for devices with low memory and other constraints, such as personal digital assistants.[43] In October 1997, the Justice Department filed a motion in the Federal District Court, stating that Microsoft violated an agreement signed in 1994 and asked the court to stop the bundling of Internet Explorer with Windows.[10]:323–324 While primarily focused on software, Microsoft also produced a number of successful PC accessories, such as the IntelliMouse computer mice shown here Microsoft released the first installment in the Xbox series of consoles in 2001. The Xbox, graphically powerful compared to its rivals, featured a standard PC's 733 MHz Intel Pentium III processor. On January 13, 2000, Bill Gates handed over the CEO position to Steve Ballmer, an old college friend of Gates and employee of the company since 1980, while creating a new position for himself as Chief Software Architect.[10]:111,228[14] Various companies including Microsoft formed the Trusted Computing Platform Alliance in October 1999 to (among other things) increase security and protect intellectual property through identifying changes in hardware and software. Critics decried the alliance as a way to enforce indiscriminate restrictions over how consumers use software, and over how computers behave, and as a form of digital rights management: for example, the scenario where a computer is not only secured for its owner but also secured against its owner as well.[44][45] On April 3, 2000, a judgment was handed down in the case of United States v. Microsoft Corp.,[46] calling the company an "abusive monopoly."[47] Microsoft later settled with the U.S. Department of Justice in 2004.[26] On October 25, 2001, Microsoft released Windows XP, unifying the mainstream and NT lines of OS under the NT codebase.[48] The company released the Xbox later that year, entering the video game console market dominated by Sony and Nintendo.[49] In March 2004 the European Union brought antitrust legal action against the company, citing it abused its dominance with the Windows OS, resulting in a judgment of €497 million ($613 million) and requiring Microsoft to produce new versions of Windows XP without Windows Media Player: Windows XP Home Edition N and Windows XP Professional N.[50][51] In November 2005, the company's second video game console, the Xbox 360, was released. There were two versions, a basic version for $299.99 and a deluxe version for $399.99.[52] Increasingly present in the hardware business following Xbox, Microsoft 2006 released the Zune series of digital media players, a successor of its previous software platform Portable Media Center. These expanded on previous hardware commitments from Microsoft following its original Microsoft Mouse in 1983; as of 2007 the company sold the best-selling wired keyboard (Natural Ergonomic Keyboard 4000), mouse (IntelliMouse), and desktop webcam (LifeCam) in the United States. That year the company also launched the Surface "digital table", later renamed PixelSense.[53] CEO Steve Ballmer at the MIX event in 2008. In an interview about his management style in 2005, he mentioned that his first priority was to get the people he delegates to in order. Ballmer also emphasized the need to continue pursuing new technologies even if initial att

gaming console owned by the user.[135] On September 21, 2020, Microsoft announced its intent to acquire video game company ZeniMax Media, the parent company of Bethesda Softworks, for about $7.5 billion, with the deal expected to occur in the second half of 2021 fiscal year.[136] On March 9, 2021, the acquisition was finalized and ZeniMax Media became part of Microsoft's Xbox Game Studios division.[137] The total price of the deal was $8.1 billion.[138] On September 22, 2020, Microsoft announced that it had an exclusive license to use OpenAI's GPT-3 artificial intelligence language generator.[139] The previous version of GPT-3, called GPT-2, made headlines for being "too dangerous to release" and had numerous capabilities, including designing websites, prescribing medication, answering questions, and penning articles.[140] On November 10, 2020, Microsoft released the Xbox Series X and Xbox Series S video game consoles.[141] In February 2021, Microsoft released Azure Quantum for public preview.[142] The public cloud computing platform provides access to quantum software and quantum hardware including trapped ion, neutral atom, and superconducting systems.[143][144][145][146] In April 2021, Microsoft announced it would buy Nuance Communications for approximately $16 billion.[147] The acquisition of Nuance was completed in March 2022.[148] In 2021, in part due to the strong quarterly earnings spurred by the COVID-19 pandemic, Microsoft's valuation came to nearly $2 trillion. The increased necessity for remote work and distance education drove demand for cloud computing and grew the company's gaming sales.[149][150][151] On June 24, 2021, Microsoft announced Windows 11 during a Livestream. The announcement came with confusion after Microsoft announced Windows 10 would be the last version of the operating system.[152] It was released to the general public on October 5, 2021.[153] In September 2021, it was announced that the company had acquired Takelessons, an online platform that connects students and tutors in numerous subjects. The acquisition positioned Microsoft to grow its presence in the market of providing online education to large numbers of people.[154] In the same month, Microsoft acquired Australia-based video editing software company Clipchamp.[155] In October 2021, Microsoft announced that it began rolling out end-to-end encryption (E2EE) support for Microsoft Teams calls in order to secure business communication while using video conferencing software. Users can ensure that their calls are encrypted and can utilize a security code that both parties on a call must verify on their respective ends.[156] On October 7, Microsoft acquired Ally.io, a software service that measures companies' progress against OKRs. Microsoft plans to incorporate Ally.io into its Viva family of employee experience products.[157] On January 18, 2022, Microsoft announced the acquisition of American video game developer and holding company Activision Blizzard in an all-cash deal worth $68.7 billion.[158] Activision Blizzard is best known for producing franchises, including but not limited to Warcraft, Diablo, Call of Duty, StarCraft, Candy Crush Saga, Crash Bandicoot, Spyro, Tony Hawk's, Guitar Hero, and Overwatch.[159] Activision and Microsoft each released statements saying the acquisition was to benefit their businesses in the metaverse, many saw Microsoft's acquisition of video game studios as an attempt to compete against Meta Platforms, with TheStreet referring to Microsoft wanting to become "the Disney of the metaverse".[160][161] Microsoft also named Phil Spencer, head of the Xbox brand since 2014, the inaugural CEO of the newly established Microsoft Gaming division, which now houses the Xbox operations team and the three publishers in the company's portfolio (Xbox Game Studios, ZeniMax Media, Activision Blizzard). Microsoft has not released statements regarding Activision's recent legal controversies regarding employee abuse, but reports have alleged that Activision CEO Bobby Kotick, a major target of the controversy, will leave the company after the acquisition is finalized.[162] The deal was closed on October 13, 2023.[163] In December 2022, Microsoft announced a new 10-year deal with the London Stock Exchange Group for products including Microsoft Azure; Microsoft acquired around 4% of LSEG as part of the deal.[164] In January 2023, CEO Satya Nadella announced Microsoft would lay off some 10,000 employees.[165] The announcement came a day after hosting a Sting concert for 50 people, including Microsoft executives, in Davos, Switzerland.[166] On January 23, 2023, Microsoft announced a new multi-year, multi-billion dollar investment deal with ChatGPT developer OpenAI.[167] In June 2023, Microsoft released Azure Quantum Elements to run molecular simulations and calculations in computational chemistry and materials science using a combination of AI, high-performance computing and quantum computing.[168] The service includes Copilot, a GPT-4 based large language model tool to query and visualize data, write code, initiate simulations, and educate researchers.[168] At a November 2023 developer conference, Microsoft announced two new custom-designed computing chips: The Maia chip, designed to run large language models, and Cobalt CPU, designed to power general cloud services on Azure.[169][170] On November 20, 2023, Satya Nadella announced that Sam Altman, who had been ousted as CEO of OpenAI just days earlier, and Greg Brockman, who had resigned as president, would join Microsoft to lead a new advanced AI research team.[171][172] However, the plan was short-lived, as Altman was subsequently reinstated as OpenAI's CEO and Brockman rejoined the company amid pressure from OpenAI's employees and investors on its board.[173] In March 2024, Inflection AI's cofounders Mustafa Suleyman and Karen Simonyan announced their departure from the company in order to start Microsoft AI, with Microsoft acqui-hiring nearly the entirety of its 70-person workforce. As part of the deal, Microsoft paid Inflection $650 million to license its technology.[174][175] In January 2024, Microsoft became the most valued publicly traded company. Meanwhile, that month, the company announced a subscription offering of artificial intelligence for small businesses via Copilot Pro.[176][177] In April 2024, Microsoft made a $1.5 billion investment in the Emirati AI firm G42. As part of the deal, G42 said it would use the Microsoft Azure platform for its AI development and deployment.[178][179] Later that month, Microsoft unveiled plans to invest $1.7 billion in developing AI and cloud infrastructure in Indonesia. The plan includes establishment of data centers and partnerships to support digital transformation efforts.[180] In May 2024, Microsoft announced a $3.3 billion investment to build an artificial intelligence hub in southeast Wisconsin, tripling its initial proposal. This initiative, unveiled by President Joe Biden in Racine County, includes constructing a data center, creating 2,300 construction jobs by 2025, and 2,000 permanent jobs over time, alongside establishing an AI co-innovation lab at UW-Milwaukee to train up to 1,000 individuals by 2030.[181] In June 2024, Microsoft announced it would be laying off 1,000 employees from the company's mixed reality and Azure cloud computing divisions.[182][183] In June 2024, Microsoft announced that they were building a "hyperscale data centre" in South East Leeds.[184] In July 2024, it was reported that the company was laying off its diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) team.[185][186] On July 19, 2024, a global IT outage impacted Microsoft services, affecting businesses, airlines, and financial institutions worldwide. The outage was traced back to a flawed update of CrowdStrike's cybersecurity software, which resulted in Microsoft systems crashing and causing disruptions across various sectors. Despite CrowdStrike's CEO George Kurtz clarifying that the issue was not a cyberattack, the incident had widespread consequences, leading to delays in air travel, financial transactions, and medical services globally. Microsoft stated that the underlying cause had been fixed but acknowledged ongoing residual impacts on some Microsoft 365 apps and services.[187][188] In September 2024, BlackRock and Microsoft announced a $30 billion fund, the Global AI Infrastructure Investment Partnership, to invest in AI infrastructure such as data centers and energy projects. The fund has the potential to reach $100 billion with debt financing, and partners include Abu Dhabi-backed MGX and Nvidia, which will provide AI expertise. Investments will primarily focus on the U.S., with some in partner countries.[189] Microsoft also announced relaunch of its controversial tool, Recall, in November 2024 after addressing privacy concerns. Initially criticized for taking regular screenshots without user consent, Recall was changed to an opt-in feature instead of being default on. The UK's Information Commissioner's Office monitored the situation and noted the adjustments, which included enhanced security measures like encryption and biometric access. While experts regarded these changes as improvements, they advised caution, with some recommending further testing before users opted in.[190] On February 28, 2025, Microsoft announced that Skype would be shutting down on May 5, 2025, to streamline its focus on Microsoft Teams. The company stated there would be no job cuts due to the shutdown.[191] On April 4, 2025, it celebrated its 50th anniversary.[192] On May 30, 2025, it was reported that Microsoft's Russian division would be preparing to file for bankruptcy, days after President Vladimir Putin stated that foreign services providers should be throttled in Russia to make way for domestic software, which included Microsoft. The company previously restructured operations in Russia back in June 2022 after being significantly impacted from the Ukraine war, but they stated those restructuring efforts have failed.[193] See also: Criticism of Microsoft; Internet censorship in China; and Embrace, extend, and extinguishMicrosoft is ranked No. 14 in the 2022 Fortune 500 rankings of the largest United States corporations by total revenue;[194] and it was the world's largest software maker by revenue in 2022 according to Forbes Global 2000. In 2018, Microsoft became the most valuable publicly traded company in the world,[195] a position it has repeatedly traded with Apple in the years since.[196] In April 2019, Microsoft reached a trillion-dollar market cap, becoming the third U.S. public company to be valued at over $1 trillion.[d] As of 2024[update], Microsoft has the third-highest global brand valuation. Microsoft is one of only two U.S.-based companies that have a prime credit rating of AAA.[197] The company is run by a board of directors made up of mostly company outsiders, as is customary for publicly traded companies. Members of the board of directors as of December 2023 are Satya Nadella, Reid Hoffman, Hugh Johnston, Teri List, Sandi Peterson, Penny Pritzker, Carlos Rodriguez, Charles Scharf, John W. Stanton, John W. Thompson, Emma Walmsley and Padmasree Warrior.[198] Board members are elected every year at the annual shareholders' meeting using a majority vote system. There are four committees within the board that oversee more specific matters. These committees include the Audit Committee, which handles accounting issues with the company including auditing and reporting; the Compensation Committee, which approves compensation for the CEO and other employees of the company; the Governance and Nominating Committee, which handles various corporate matters including the nomination of the board; and the Regulatory and Public Policy Committee, which includes legal/antitrust matters, along with privacy, trade, digital safety, artificial intelligence, and environmental sustainability.[199] On March 13, 2020, Gates announced that he is leaving the board of directors of Microsoft and Berkshire Hathaway to focus more on his philanthropic efforts. According to Aaron Tilley of The Wall Street Journal this is "marking the biggest boardroom departure in the tech industry since the death of longtime rival and Apple Inc. co-founder Steve Jobs."[200] On January 13, 2022, The Wall Street Journal reported that Microsoft's board of directors plans to hire an external law firm to review its sexual harassment and gender discrimination policies, and to release a summary of how the company handled past allegations of misconduct against Bill Gates and other corporate executives.[201] Bill Gates (1975–2000) Steve Ballmer (2000–2014) Satya Nadella (2014–present) Five year history graph of Nasdaq: MSFT stock on July 17, 2013.[202] When Microsoft went public and launched its initial public offering (IPO) in 1986, the opening stock price was $21; after the trading day, the price closed at $27.75. As of July 2010, with the company's nine stock splits, any IPO shares would be multiplied by 288; if one were to buy the IPO today, given the splits and other factors, it would cost about 9 cents.[10]:235–236[203][204] The stock price peaked in 1999 at around $119 ($60.928, adjusting for splits).[205] The company began to offer a dividend on January 16, 2003, starting at eight cents per share for the fiscal year followed by a dividend of sixteen cents per share the subsequent year, switching from yearly to quarterly dividends in 2005 with eight cents a share per quarter and a special one-time payout of three dollars per share for the second quarter of the fiscal year.[205][206] Though the company had subsequent increases in dividend payouts, the price of Microsoft's stock remained steady for years.[206][207] Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service have both given a AAA rating to Microsoft, whose assets were valued at $41 billion as compared to only $8.5 billion in unsecured debt. Consequently, in February 2011 Microsoft released a corporate bond amounting to $2.25 billion with relatively low borrowing rates compared to government bonds.[208] For the first time in 20 years Apple Inc. surpassed Microsoft in Q1 2011 quarterly profits and revenues due to a slowdown in PC sales and continuing huge losses in Microsoft's Online Services Division (which contains its search engine Bing). Microsoft profits were $5.2 billion, while Apple Inc. profits were $6 billion, on revenues of $14.5 billion and $24.7 billion respectively.[209] Microsoft's Online Services Division has been continuously loss-making since 2006 and in Q1 2011 it lost $726 million. This follows a loss of $2.5 billion for the year 2010.[210] Sales by region (2023)[211] Region Sales in billion $ share United States 106.7 50.4% Other countries 105.2 49.6% On July 20, 2012, Microsoft posted its first quarterly loss ever, despite earning record revenues for the quarter and fiscal year, with a net loss of $492 million due to a writedown related to the advertising company aQuantive, which had been acquired for $6.2 billion back in 2007.[212] As of January 2014, Microsoft's market capitalization stood at $314B,[213] making it the 8th-largest company in the world by market capitalization.[214] On November 14, 2014, Microsoft overtook ExxonMobil to become the second most-valuable company by market capitalization, behind only Apple Inc. Its total market value was over $410B—with the stock price hitting $50.04 a share, the highest since early 2000.[215] In 2015, Reuters reported that Microsoft Corp had earnings abroad of $76.4 billion which were untaxed by the Internal Revenue Service. Under U.S. law, corporations do not pay income tax on overseas profits until the profits are brought into the United States.[216] The key trends of Microsoft are (as at the financial year ending June 30):[217][218] Year Revenuein billion US$[219] Net incomein billion US$[219] Total Assetsin billion US$[219] Employees[220] 2005 39.7 12.2 70.8 61,000 2006 44.2 12.5 69.5 71,000 2007 51.1 14.0 63.1 79,000 2008 60.4 17.6 72.7 91,000 2009 58.4 14.5 77.8 93,000 2010 62.4 18.7 86.1 89,000 2011 69.9 23.1 108 90,000 2012 73.7 16.9 121 94,000 2013 77.8 21.8 142 99,000 2014 86.8 22.0 172 128,000 2015 93.5 12.1 174 118,000 2016 91.1 20.5 193 114,000 2017 96.5 21.2 250 124,000 2018 110 16.5 258 131,000 2019 125 39.2 286 144,106 2020 143 44.2 301 163,000 2021 168 61.2 333 181,000 2022 198 72.7 364 221,000 2023 211 72.3 411 238,000 2024 245 88.1 512 228,000 In November 2018, the company won a $480 million military contract with the U.S. government to bring augmented reality (AR) headset technology into the weapon repertoires of American soldiers. The two-year contract may result in follow-on orders of more than 100,000 headsets, according to documentation describing the bidding process. One of the contract's tag lines for the augmented reality technology seems to be its ability to enable "25 bloodless battles before the 1st battle", suggesting that actual combat training is going to be an essential aspect of the augmented reality headset capabilities.[221] Microsoft is an international business. As such, it needs subsidiaries present in whatever national markets it chooses to harvest. An example is Microsoft Canada, which it established in 1985.[222] Other countries have similar installations, to funnel profits back up to Redmond and to distribute the dividends to the holders of MSFT stock. The 10 largest shareholders of Microsoft in early 2024 were:[211][223] Shareholder name Percentage The Vanguard Group 8.9% BlackRock 5.6% State Street Corporation 4.0% Steve Ballmer 4.0% Fidelity Investments 2.9% Geode Capital Management 2.1% T. Rowe Price International 1.9% Eaton Vance 1.7% JP Morgan Investment Management 1.6% Bill Gates 1.4% BlackRock Life 1.4% Others 68.5% Windows 8 Launch Event in Akihabara, Tokyo, on October 25, 2012 In 2004, Microsoft commissioned research firms to do independent studies comparing the total cost of ownership (TCO) of Windows Server 2003 to Linux; the firms concluded that companies found Windows easier to administrate than Linux, thus those using Windows would administrate faster resulting in lower costs for their company (i.e. lower TCO).[224] This spurred a wave of related studies; a study by the Yankee Group concluded that upgrading from one version of Windows Server to another costs a fraction of the switching costs from Windows Server to Linux, although companies surveyed noted the increased security and reliability of Linux servers and concern about being locked into using Microsoft products.[225] Another study, released by the Open Source Development Labs, claimed that the Microsoft studies were "simply outdated and one-sided" and their survey concluded that the TCO of Linux was lower due to Linux administrators managing more servers on average and other reasons.[226] As part of the "Get the Facts" campaign, Microsoft highlighted the .NET Framework trading platform that it had developed in partnership with Accenture for the London Stock Exchange, claiming that it provided "five nines" reliability. After suffering extended downtime and unreliability[227][228] the London Stock Exchange announced in 2009 that it was planning to drop its Microsoft solution and switch to a Linux-based one in 2010.[229][230] In 2012, Microsoft hired a political pollster named Mark Penn, whom The New York Times called "famous for bulldozing" his political opponents[231] as Executive Vice-president, Advertising and Strategy. Penn created a series of negative advertisements targeting one of Microsoft's chief competitors, Google. The advertisements, called "Scroogled", attempted to make the case that Google is "screwing" consumers with search results rigged to favor Google's paid advertisers, that Gmail violates the privacy of its users to place ad results related to the content of their emails and shopping results, which favor Google products. Tech publications like TechCrunch were highly critical of the advertising campaign,[232] while Google employees embraced it.[233] In July 2014, Microsoft announced plans to lay off 18,000 employees. Microsoft employed 127,104 people as of June 5, 2014, making this about a 14 percent reduction of its workforce as the biggest Microsoft layoff ever. This included 12,500 professional and factory personnel. Previously, Microsoft had eliminated 5,800 jobs in 2009 in line with the Great Recession of 2008–2017.[234][235] In September 2014, Microsoft laid off 2,100 people, including 747 people in the Seattle–Redmond area, where the company is headquartered. The firings came as a second wave of the layoffs that were previously announced. This brought the total number to over 15,000 out of the 18,000 expected cuts.[236] In October 2014, Microsoft revealed that it was almost done with eliminating 18,000 employees, which was its largest-ever layoff sweep.[237] In July 2015, Microsoft announced another 7,800 job cuts in the next several months.[238] In May 2016, Microsoft announced another 1,850 job cuts mostly in its Nokia mobile phone division. As a result, the company will record an impairment and restructuring charge of approximately $950 million, of which approximately $200 million will relate to severance payments.[239] Microsoft laid off 1,900 employees in its gaming division in January 2024. The layoffs primarily affected Activision Blizzard employees, but some Xbox and ZeniMax employees were also affected.[240] Blizzard president Mike Ybarra and chief design officer Allen Adham also resigned.[241] In May 2025, Microsoft announced that it is laying off more than 6,000 employees, around three percent of the company's entire workforce.[242] Microsoft recognizes seven trade unions[e] representing 1,750 workers in the United States at its video game subsidiaries Activision Blizzard and ZeniMax Media.[243] U.S. workers have been vocal in opposing military and law-enforcement contracts with Microsoft.[244] Bethesda Game Studios is unionized in Canada.[245] Microsoft South Korea recognizes its union since 2017.[246][247] German employees have elected works councils since 1998.[248] Microsoft provides information about reported bugs in their software to intelligence agencies of the United States government, prior to the public release of the fix. A Microsoft spokesperson has stated that the corporation runs several programs that facilitate the sharing of such information with the U.S. government.[249] Following media reports about PRISM, NSA's massive electronic surveillance program, in May 2013, several technology companies were identified as participants, including Microsoft.[250] According to leaks of said program, Microsoft joined the PRISM program in 2007.[251] However, in June 2013, an official statement from Microsoft flatly denied their participation in the program: "We provide customer data only when we receive a legally binding order or subpoena to do so, and never on a voluntary basis. In addition, we only ever comply with orders for requests about specific accounts or identifiers. If the government has a broader voluntary national security program to gather customer data, we don't participate in it."[252] During the first six months of 2013, Microsoft received requests that affected between 15,000 and 15,999 accounts.[253] In December 2013, the company made a statement to further emphasize the fact that they take their customers' privacy and data protection very seriously, even saying that "government snooping potentially now constitutes an 'advanced persistent threat,' alongside sophisticated malware and cyber attacks".[254] The statement also marked the beginning of three-part program to enhance Microsoft's encryption and transparency efforts. On July 1, 2014, as part of this program, they opened the first (of many) Microsoft Transparency Center, which provides "participating governments with the ability to review source code for our key products, assure themselves of their software integrity, and confirm there are no "back doors."[255] Microsoft has also argued that the United States Congress should enact strong privacy regulations to protect consumer data.[256] In April 2016, the company sued the U.S. government, argued that secrecy orders were preventing the company from disclosing warrants to customers in violation of the company's and customers' rights. Microsoft argued that it was unconstitutional for the government to indefinitely ban Microsoft from informing its users that the government was requesting their emails and other documents and that the Fourth Amendment made it so people or businesses had the right to know if the government searches or seizes their property. On October 23, 2017, Microsoft said it would drop the lawsuit as a result of a policy change by the United States Department of Justice (DoJ). The DoJ had "changed data request rules on alerting the Internet users about agencies accessing their information." In 2022 Microsoft shared a $9 billion contract from the United States Department of Defense for cloud computing with Amazon, Google, and Oracle.[257] On a Friday afternoon in January 2024, Microsoft disclosed that a Russian state-sponsored group hacked into its corporate systems. The group, accessed "a very small percentage" of Microsoft corporate email accounts, which also included members of its senior leadership team and employees in its cybersecurity and legal teams.[258] Microsoft noted in a blog post that the attack might have been prevented if the accounts in question had enabled multi-factor authentication, a defensive measure which is widely recommended in the industry, including by Microsoft itself.[259] Technical references for developers and articles for various Microsoft magazines such as Microsoft Systems Journal (MSJ) are available through the Microsoft Developer Network (MSDN). MSDN also offers subscriptions for companies and individuals, and the more expensive subscriptions usually offer access to pre-release beta versions of Microsoft software.[260][261] In April 2004, Microsoft launched a community site for developers and users, titled Channel 9, that provides a wiki and an Internet forum.[262] Another community site that provides daily videocasts and other services, On10.net, launched on March 3, 2006.[263] Free technical support is traditionally provided through online Usenet newsgroups, and CompuServe in the past, monitored by Microsoft employees; there can be several newsgroups for a single product. Helpful people can be elected by peers or Microsoft employees for Microsoft Most Valuable Professional (MVP) status, which entitles them to a sort of special social status and possibilities for awards and other benefits.[264] Noted for its internal lexicon, the expression "eating your own dog food" is used to describe the policy of using pre-release and beta versions of products inside Microsoft to test them in "real-world" situations.[265] This is usually shortened to just "dog food" and is used as a noun, verb, and adjective. Another bit of jargon, FYIFV or FYIV ("Fuck You, I'm [Fully] Vested"), is used by an employee to indicate they are financially independent and can avoid work anytime they wish.[266] Microsoft is an outspoken opponent of the cap on H-1B visas, which allows companies in the U.S. to employ certain foreign workers. Bill Gates claims the cap on H1B visas makes it difficult to hire employees for the company, stating "I'd certainly get rid of the H1B cap" in 2005.[267] Critics of H1B visas argue that relaxing the limits would result in increased unemployment for U.S. citizens due to H1B workers working for lower salaries.[268] The Human Rights Campaign Corporate Equality Index, a report of how progressive the organization deems company policies towards LGBT employees, rated Microsoft as 87% from 2002 to 2004 and as 100% from 2005 to 2010 after they allowed gender expression.[269] In August 2018, Microsoft implemented a policy for all companies providing subcontractors to require 12 weeks of paid parental leave to each employee. This expands on the former requirement from 2015 requiring 15 days of paid vacation and sick leave each year.[270] In 2015, Microsoft established its own parental leave policy to allow 12 weeks off for parental leave with an additional 8 weeks for the parent who gave birth.[271] In 2011, Greenpeace released a report rating the top ten big brands in cloud computing on their sources of electricity for their data centers. At the time, data centers consumed up to 2% of all global electricity, and this amount was projected to increase. Phil Radford of Greenpeace said, "We are concerned that this new explosion in electricity use could lock us into old, polluting energy sources instead of the clean energy available today",[272] and called on "Amazon, Microsoft and other leaders of the information-technology industry must embrace clean energy to power their cloud-based data centers".[273] In 2013, Microsoft agreed to buy power generated by a Texas wind project to power one of its data centers.[274] Microsoft is ranked on the 17th place in Greenpeace's Guide to Greener Electronics (16th Edition) that ranks 18 electronics manufacturers according to their policies on toxic chemicals, recycling, and climate change.[275] Microsoft's timeline for phasing out brominated flame retardant (BFRs) and phthalates in all products was 2012 but its commitment to phasing out PVC is not clear. As of January 2011,[update] it has no products that are completely free from PVC and BFRs.[276][needs update] Microsoft's main U.S. campus received a silver certification from the Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) program in 2008, and it installed over 2,000 solar panels on top of its buildings at its Silicon Valley campus, generating approximately 15 percent of the total energy needed by the facilities in April 2005.[277] Microsoft makes use of alternative forms of transit. It created one of the world's largest private bus systems, the "Connector", to transport people from outside the company; for on-campus transportation, the "Shuttle Connect" uses a large fleet of hybrid cars to save fuel. The "Connector" does not compete with the public bus system and works with it to provide a cohesive transportation network not just for its employees but also for the public.[278] Microsoft also subsidizes regional public transport, provided by Sound Transit and King County Metro, as an incentive.[277][279] In February 2010, however, Microsoft took a stance against adding additional public transport and high-occupancy vehicle (HOV) lanes to the State Route 520 and its floating bridge connecting Redmond to Seattle; the company did not want to delay the construction any further.[280] Microsoft was ranked number 1 in the list of the World's Best Multinational Workplaces by the Great Place to Work Institute in 2011.[281] In January 2020, the company announced a strategy to take the company carbon negative by 2030 and to remove all carbon that it has emitted since its foundation in 1975.[282][283][284] On October 9, 2020, Microsoft permanently allowed remote work.[285] In January 2021, the company announced on Twitter to join the Climate Neutral Data Centre Pact, which engages the cloud infrastructure and data centers industries to reach carbon neutrality in Europe by 2030, and also disclosed an investment in Climeworks, a direct air capture company partnered with Carbfix for carbon sequestration.[list 1] In the same year, it was awarded the EPA's Green Power Leadership Award, citing the company's all-renewable energy use since 2014.[291] In September 2023, Microsoft announced that it purchased $200 million in carbon credits to offset 315,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide over 10 years from Heirloom Carbon, a carbon removal company that mixes calcium oxide from heated crushed limestone with water to form carbon hydroxide to absorb carbon dioxide from the atmosphere to mineralize back into limestone while the released carbon dioxide is stored underground or injected into concrete.[292][293] Despite spending spent more than $760 million through its Climate Innovation Fund by June 2024 on sustainability projects—including purchases of more than 5 million metric tonnes of carbon dioxide removal with carbon offsets and more than 34 megawatts of renewable energy—Microsoft's Scope 3 emissions had increased by 31% from the company's 2020 baseline, which caused the company's total emissions to rise by 29% in 2023.[294] In 2023 Microsoft consumed 24 TWh of electricity, more than countries such as Iceland, Ghana, the Dominican Republic, or Tunisia.[295] Building 92, home to the Microsoft Visitor Center The corporate headquarters, informally known as the Microsoft Redmond campus, is located at One Microsoft Way in Redmond, Washington. Microsoft initially moved onto the grounds of the campus on February 26, 1986, weeks before the company went public on March 13. The headquarters has since experienced multiple expansions since its establishment. It is estimated to encompass over 8 million ft2 (750,000 m2) of office space and 30,000–40,000 employees.[296] Additional offices are located in Bellevue and Issaquah, Washington (90,000 employees worldwide). The company is planning to upgrade its Mountain View, California, campus on a grand scale. The company has occupied this campus since 1981. In 2016, the company bought the 32-acre (13 ha) campus, with plans to renovate and expand it by 25%.[297] Microsoft operates an East Coast headquarters in Charlotte, North Carolina.[298] In April 2024, it was announced that Microsoft would be opening a state-of-the-art artificial intelligence 'hub' around Paddington in London, England. It was announced that the division would be led by Jordan Hoffman, who previously worked for Deepmind and Inflection.[299] Microsoft's Toronto flagship store On October 26, 2015, the company opened its retail location on Fifth Avenue in New York City. The location features a five-story glass storefront and is 22,270 square feet.[300] As per company executives, Microsoft had been on the lookout for a flagship location since 2009.[301] The company's retail locations are part of a greater strategy to help build a connection with its consumers. The opening of the store coincided with the launch of the Surface Book and Surface Pro 4.[302] On November 12, 2015, Microsoft opened a second flagship store, located in Sydney's Pitt Street Mall.[303] Microsoft adopted the so-called "Pac-Man Logo", designed by Scott Baker, on February 26, 1987, with the concept being similar to InFocus Corporation logo that was adapted a year earlier in 1986. Baker stated "The new logo, in Helvetica italic typeface, has a slash between the o and s to emphasize the "soft" part of the name and convey motion and speed".[304] Dave Norris ran an internal joke campaign to save the old logo, which was green, in all uppercase, and featured a fanciful letter O, nicknamed the blibbet, but it was discarded.[305] Microsoft's logo with the tagline "Your potential. Our passion."—below the main corporate name—is based on a slogan Microsoft used in 2008. In 2002, the company started using the logo in the United States and eventually started a television campaign with the slogan, changed from the previous tagline of "Where do you want to go today?"[306][307][308] During the private MGX (Microsoft Global Exchange) conference in 2010, Microsoft unveiled the company's next tagline, "Be What's Next."[309] They also had a slogan/tagline "Making it all make sense."[310] The Microsoft Pac-Man logo was used for 25 years, 5 months, and 28 days until August 23, 2012, being the longest enduring logo to be used by the company. On August 23, 2012, Microsoft unveiled a new corporate logo at the opening of its 23rd Microsoft store in Boston, indicating the company's shift of focus from the classic style to the tile-centric modern interface, which it uses/will use on the Windows Phone platform, Xbox 360, Windows 8 and the upcoming Office Suites.[311] The new logo also includes four squares with the colors of the then-current Windows logo which have been used to represent Microsoft's four major products: Windows (blue), Office (orange), Xbox (green) and Bing (yellow).[312] The logo also resembles the opening of one of the commercials for Windows 95.[313][314] Microsoft logo history ca. 1975 – 1980: First Microsoft logo. 1980–June 25, 1982: Second Microsoft logo. June 25, 1982 – February 26, 1987: Third Microsoft logo. February 26, 1987 – August 23, 2012: Microsoft "Pac-Man" logo, designed by Scott Baker.[306][307] August 23, 2012–present: Fifth and current Microsoft logo.[315] Toyota Yaris WRC with sprayed on Microsoft logos The company was the official jersey sponsor of Finland's national basketball team at EuroBasket 2015,[316] a major sponsor of the Toyota Gazoo Racing WRT (2017–2020) and a sponsor of the Renault F1 Team (2016–2020). In 2015, Microsoft Philanthropies, an internal charitable organization, was established to bring the benefits of technology and the digital revolution to areas and groups that lack them. The organisation's key areas of focus are: donating cloud computing resources to university researchers and nonprofit groups; supporting the expansion of broadband access worldwide; funding international computer science education through YouthSpark; supporting tech education in the U.S. from kindergarten to high school; and donating to global child and refugee relief organizations.[317][318] During the COVID-19 pandemic, Microsoft's president, Brad Smith, announced that an initial batch of supplies, including 15,000 protection goggles, infrared thermometers, medical caps, and protective suits, was donated to Seattle, with further aid to come soon.[319] During the Russian invasion of Ukraine Microsoft started monitoring cyberattacks originating from the Government of Russia and Russia-backed hackers. In June 2022, Microsoft published the report on Russian cyber attacks and concluded that state-backed Russian hackers "have engaged in "strategic espionage" against governments, think tanks, businesses and aid groups" in 42 countries supporting Kyiv.[320][321] Microsoft also supports initiatives through its AI for Accessibility grant program, providing funding to various global organizations that create technologies to enhance accessibility for individuals with disabilities. Among grant recipients from the Asia-Pacific region are Sri Lankan IT company Fortude, Thailand-based Vulcan Coalition, and Indonesian organization Kerjabilitas.[322] Main articles: Microsoft litigation and Criticism of Microsoft Criticism of Microsoft has followed various aspects of its products and business practices. Frequently criticized are the ease of use, robustness, and security of the company's software. They have also been criticized for the use of permatemp employees (employees employed for years as "temporary", and therefore without medical benefits), the use of forced retention tactics, which means that employees would be sued if they tried to leave.[323] Historically, Microsoft has also been accused of overworking employees, in many cases, leading to burnout within just a few years of joining the company. The company is often referred to as a "Velvet Sweatshop", a term which originated in a 1989 Seattle Times article,[324] and later became used to describe the company by some of Microsoft's own employees.[325] This characterization is derived from the perception that Microsoft provides nearly everything for its employees in a convenient place, but in turn overworks them to a point where it would be bad for their (possibly long-term) health. As reported by several news outlets,[326][327] an Irish subsidiary of Microsoft based in the Republic of Ireland declared £220 bn in profits but paid no corporation tax for the year 2020. This is due to the company being tax resident in Bermuda as mentioned in the accounts for 'Microsoft Round Island One, a subsidiary that collects license fees from the use of Microsoft software worldwide. Dame Margaret Hodge, a Labour MP in the UK said, "It is unsurprising – yet still shocking – that massively wealthy global corporations openly, unashamedly and blatantly refuse to pay tax on the profits they make in the countries where they undertake business".[327] In 2020, ProPublica reported that the company had diverted more than $39 billion in U.S. profits to Puerto Rico using a mechanism structured to make it seem as if the company was unprofitable on paper. As a result, the company paid a tax rate on those profits of "nearly 0%". When the Internal Revenue Service audited these transactions, ProPublica reported that Microsoft aggressively fought back, including successfully lobbying Congress to change the law to make it harder for the agency to conduct audits of large corporations.[328][329] In 2023, Microsoft reported in a securities filing that the U.S. Internal Revenue Service was alleging that the company owed the U.S. $28.9 billion in past taxes, plus penalties related to mis-allocation of corporate profits over a decade.[330] "Embrace, extend, and extinguish" (EEE),[331] also known as "embrace, extend, and exterminate,"[332] is a phrase that the U.S. Department of Justice found[333] that was used internally by Microsoft[334] to describe its strategy for entering product categories involving widely used standards, extending those standards with proprietary capabilities, and then using those differences to strongly disadvantage competitors. Microsoft is frequently accused of using anticompetitive tactics and abusing its monopolistic power. People who use their products and services often end up becoming dependent on them, a process is known as vendor lock-in. Microsoft was the first company to participate in the PRISM surveillance program, according to leaked NSA documents obtained by The Guardian[335] and The Washington Post[336] in June 2013, and acknowledged by government officials following the leak.[337] The program authorizes the government to secretly access data of non-US citizens hosted by American companies without a warrant. Microsoft has denied participation in such a program.[338] Jesse Jackson believes Microsoft should hire more minorities and women. In 2015, he praised Microsoft for appointing two women to its board of directors.[339] In 2020, Salesforce, the manufacturer of the Slack platform, complained to European regulators about Microsoft due to the integration of the Teams service into Office 365. Negotiations with the European Commission continued until the summer of 2023, but, as it became known to the media, they reached an impasse. Microsoft is now facing an antitrust investigation.[340] In June 2024, Microsoft Corp. faced a potential EU fine after regulators accused it of abusing market power by bundling its Teams video-conferencing app with its Office 365 and Microsoft 365 software. The European Commission issued a statement of objections, alleging Microsoft's practice since 2019 gave Teams an unfair market advantage and limited interoperability with competing software. Despite Microsoft's efforts to avoid deeper scrutiny, including unbundling Teams, regulators remained unconvinced. This action followed a 2019 complaint from Slack, which was later acquired by Salesforce. Microsoft's Teams usage soared during the pandemic, growing from 2 million daily users in 2017 to 300 million in 2023. The company has a history of antitrust battles in the U.S. and Europe, with over €2 billion in EU fines previously imposed for similar abuses.[341] In October 2024, Microsoft fired two employees, software engineers Ibtihal Aboussad and Vaniya Agrawal,[342] who organized an unauthorized vigil at its Redmond headquarters to honor Palestinians killed in the Gaza war. The employees, part of the group "No Azure for Apartheid," sought to address the company's involvement in the Israeli government's use of its technology.[343] On 20 March 2025, before an event at Seattle's Great Hall with Brad Smith and Steve Ballmer, protestors projected "Microsoft powers genocide" on the wall. Subsequently, two employees interrupted AI executive Mustafa Suleyman at a speaking event on 4 April 2025 in protest at the company's support of Israel.[344] The Boycott, Divestment and Sanctions movement added Microsoft to its list of targets for partnering "with the apartheid regime of Israel and its prison system".[345]In February 2025, the Associated Press reported that the Israeli military was utilizing Microsoft-developed artificial intelligence tools in its military and intelligence operations against the people of Gaza. In May 2025, Microsoft issued an unsigned statement confirming that these services had been made available to Israel. However, no evidence has yet been found to indicate that these tools were employed during the massacre of the people of Gaza.[346] In November 2024, the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) launched an investigation into Microsoft, focusing on potential antitrust violations related to its cloud computing, AI, and cybersecurity businesses. The probe scrutinized Microsoft's bundling of cloud services with products like Office and security tools, as well as its growing AI presence through its partnership with OpenAI. This inquiry is part of broader efforts by the U.S. government to curb the power of major tech companies, especially under FTC chair Lina Khan. Concerns were raised about Microsoft's licensing practices potentially locking customers into its services and its AI investments possibly sidestepping regulatory oversight.[347] List of mergers and acquisitions by Microsoft Microsoft engineering groups Microsoft Enterprise Agreement ^ After Apple and Amazon, respectively ^ Parent company of Google ^ Parent company of Facebook ^ After Apple and Amazon, respectively ^ Game Workers Alliance (Raven Software)Game Workers Alliance AlbanyActivision Quality Assurance United-CWAZeniMax Workers United/CWAOneBGS (Bethesda Game Studios)World of WarcraftTexas Blizzard QA United-CWA

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Microsoft at Wikipedia's sister projects:Media from CommonsNews from WikinewsQuotations from WikiquoteResources from Wikiversity Portals: Companies Electronics Energy Technology United States 47°38′33″N 122°07′56″W / 47.64250°N 122.13222°W / 47.64250; -122.13222 Retrieved from " Want to effortlessly resize, reduce and compress BMP online without losing their quality? This free tool will help you to compress BMP online, optimize them for the web, and seamlessly reduce the BMP images to a smaller size for easy sharing and faster site loading. To compress BMP online, simply click 'Choose File', select the BMP image, and download the compressed BMP. Ready to compress and reduce your visuals... Its time to SHRINK and SHINE. Here are the steps to compress BMP online without losing quality: Click on the Choose File button and select the BMP image from your computer or phone that you want to compress (or optimize). After choosing the file, you will see that the file gets uploaded and the tool automatically starts to compress BMP online. You can choose multiple images to reduce their size. This tool does not limit the number of images. Slide through the images to view other uploaded images whose file sizes are getting reduced. Once the BMP size converter has completed to compress BMP online, a download button appears on the image. As you click on the download button, the compressed BMP image gets downloaded on your device. To reduce file size of BMP in KB, first click on the Choose File button and select the BMP image that you wish to reduce. Wait for the reduction process to complete and then download the reduced BMP image. Here's how you can use our free tool to reduce the size of a BMP image online: Click on the Choose File button. Select the BMP image that you wish to reduce. Wait for the reduction process to complete. Download the reduced BMP image. BMP (also known as .bmp file) is one of the commonly used image extensions. It stands for Bitmap. It was developed by Microsoft in 1990s with the aim to provide same quality of digital images across different screens. BMP images dates back to the early days when computer graphics and digital images were just starting out. BMP images are now used in almost all the devices - windows, mac, android etc. BMP images provides high quality images as compared to other image formats like JPEG, PNG etc. Bitmap Compression or the BMP compression method is the process through which we reduce the size of the .bmp file. Bitmap compression helps us to store more images and files in our limited storage space. The BMP image files are compressed using the Run-Length Encoding (RLE) format. If the compression member of the BMP file is BI_RLE8, a run-length encoding format for a 8-bit bitmap is used to compress the bitmap file. If the compression member of the BMP file is BI_RLE4, a run-length encoding format for a 4-bit bitmap is used to compress the bitmap file. BMP files have a lossless compression. The quality of the image is not lost during compression. BMP files have a large size. This is because they are uncompressed and have the highest picture quality as compared to other image extensions. Because of their large size, these files require a lot of space if left uncompressed. BMP image files provides the best quality for the image. BMP images provides a wide variety of colour spectrum. These images have the same quality irrespective of different screen and sizes. BMP files are compatible to almost all the operating system and browsers. They do not lose quality even after compression (lossless compression). BMP images have a large file size which makes them very difficult to store in limited storage space. Even after compression, these files have a large size. BMP images are not good for printing, because these images are not compatible with CMYK. CMYK stands for Cyan Magenta Yellow Key (black). Now-a-days BMP images are not used often because of the increasing smartphones which has popularised the JPEG file format. Absolutely! This tool will help you to compress BMP online for free. Moreover, there're no usage limits unlike most of the tools out there. FreeCompress provides a free tool that helps users to compress BMP online and is accessible to anyone with an internet connection. Esta é uma ferramenta online totalmente gratuita para compactar imagens BMP Otimize imagens BMP reduzindo o tamanho do arquivo de imagem BMP para exibição na web, em fóruns, em blogs ou para envio por e-mail. Reduz o tamanho do arquivo BMP sem perder a qualidade. Aqui estão as etapas para compactar imagens BMP online (gratuitamente): Passo #1: escolha a imagem BMP Clique no botão Escolher arquivo e selecione a imagem BMP do seu computador ou telefone que você deseja compactar (ou otimizar). Passo #2: aguarde o término da compactação Depois de escolher o arquivo, você verá que o arquivo é carregado e a ferramenta começa automaticamente a compactar a imagem .bmp. Você pode escolher várias imagens para reduzir seu tamanho. Esta ferramenta não limita o número de imagens. Deslize pelas imagens para ver outras imagens carregadas cujos tamanhos de arquivo estão sendo reduzidos. Passo #3: faça o download da imagem compactada Depois que a imagem for compactada, um botão de download aparecerá na imagem. Ao clicar no botão de download, a imagem BMP compactada é baixada no seu dispositivo. BMP (também conhecido como arquivo .bmp) é uma das extensões de imagem comumente usadas. Significa Bitmap. Foi desenvolvido pela Microsoft na década de 1990 com o objetivo de fornecer a mesma qualidade de imagens digitais em diferentes telas. As imagens BMP remontam aos primórdios, quando os gráficos de computador e as imagens digitais estavam apenas começando. As imagens BMP agora são usadas em quase todos os dispositivos - windows, mac, android etc. As imagens BMP fornecem imagens de alta qualidade em comparação com outros formatos de imagem como JPEG, PNG etc. A compactação de bitmap ou o método de compactação BMP é o processo pelo qual reduzimos o tamanho do arquivo .bmp. A compactação de bitmap nos ajuda a armazenar mais imagens e arquivos em nosso espaço de armazenamento limitado. Os arquivos de imagem BMP são compactados usando o formato Run-Length Encoding (RLE). Se o membro de compactação do arquivo BMP for BI_RLE8, um formato de codificação de comprimento de execução para um bitmap de 8 bits será usado para compactar o arquivo de bitmap. Se o membro de compactação do arquivo BMP for BI_RLE4, um formato de codificação de comprimento de execução para um bitmap de 4 bits será usado para compactar o arquivo de bitmap. Os arquivos BMP têm uma compressão sem perdas . A qualidade da imagem não é perdida durante a compressão. Os arquivos BMP têm um tamanho grande. Isso ocorre porque eles não são compactados e têm a mais alta qualidade de imagem em comparação com outras extensões de imagem. Devido ao seu grande tamanho, esses arquivos requerem muito espaço se não forem compactados. Os arquivos de imagem BMP fornecem a melhor qualidade para a imagem. As imagens BMP fornecem uma ampla variedade de espectro de cores. Essas imagens têm a mesma qualidade, independentemente de telas e tamanhos diferentes. Os arquivos BMP são compatíveis com quase todos os sistemas operacionais e navegadores. Eles não perdem qualidade mesmo após a compactação (compressão sem perdas). As imagens BMP têm um tamanho de arquivo grande, o que as torna muito difíceis de armazenar em um espaço de armazenamento limitado. Mesmo após a compactação, esses arquivos têm um tamanho grande. Imagens BMP não são boas para impressão, porque essas imagens não são compatíveis com CMYK. CMYK significa Cyan Magenta Yellow Key (preto). Hoje em dia, as imagens BMP não são usadas com frequência devido ao aumento dos smartphones que popularizaram o formato de arquivo JPEG . BMP is a popular file format that contains data of raster images. The